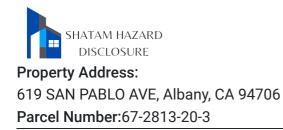
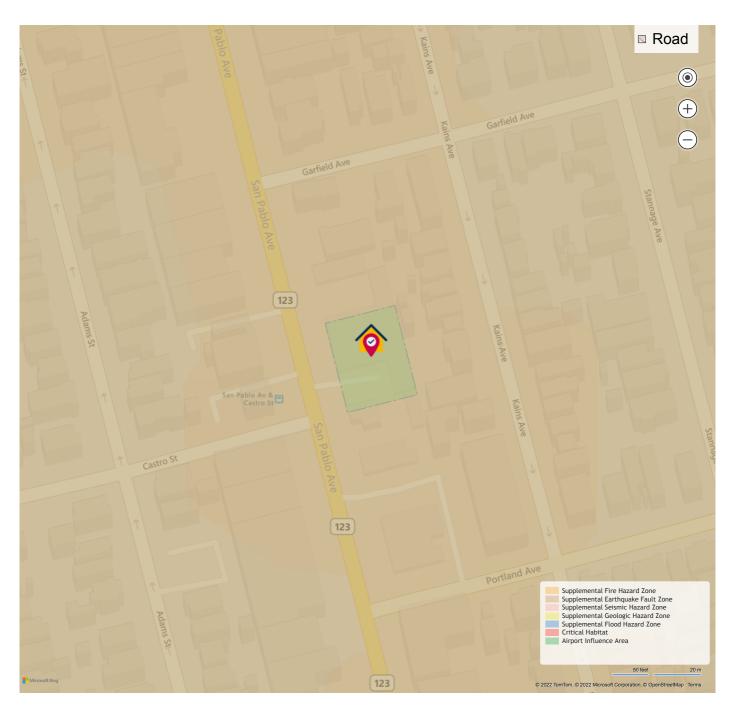
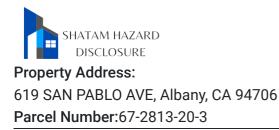


		Hazard Name
 IN A	OUT OF	Wildland Fire Area
IN A	OUT OF	Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Seismic Hazard Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Alquist - Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone
IN A	OUT OF	FEMA Special Flood Hazard Area
IN A	OUT OF	Dam Inundation Area
IN A	OUT OF	Military Ordnance Site
IN A	OUT OF	Near Protected Farming Activity





		Hazard Name
IN A	OUT OF	Supplemental Fire Hazard Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Supplemental Earthquake Fault Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Supplemental Seismic Hazard Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Supplemental Geologic Hazard Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Supplemental Flood Hazard Zone
IN A	OUT OF	Critical Habitat
IN A	OUT OF	Airport Influence Area



## STATUTORY NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURES

Disclosure Source reviews specific public records to determine whether the property is located in any of six statutorily defined natural hazard areas described below.

#### SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

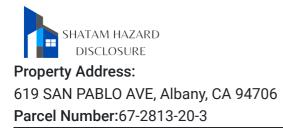
Pursuant to federal law, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) is required to identify and designate areas that are subject to flooding as part of the National Flood Insurance Program. A "Special Flood Hazard Area" (any type Zone "A" or "V") as determined by FEMA is an area where all or a portion of the property has a 1% chance each year of being inundated by flood waters. If a property is located in a Special Flood Hazard Area, the cost and availability of flood insurance may be affected. Properties not located in a Special Flood Hazard Area are not relieved from the possibility of sustaining flood damage. A few areas are not covered by official Flood Insurance Rate Maps. If information is not available, Disclosure Source recommends that the buyer contact the local jurisdiction's planning and building department to determine the potential for flooding at the subject Property. Source(s) of data: Title 42 United States Code Section 4101 Based on a review of the Flood Insurance Rate Map(s) issued by FEMA, the subject Property:

IS NOT located in a Special Flood Hazard Area Do not know and information not available

#### DAM INUNDATION / AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING

The State of California Office of Emergency Services is required to review, approve and maintain copies of the maps that have been prepared and submitted to them by local governmental organizations, utilities or other owners of any dam in the state. The maps delineate areas of potential inundation and flooding that could result from a sudden, partial or total dam failure. Dams in many parts of the world have failed during significant earthquakes, causing flooding of those areas in the pathway of the released water. The actual risk of dam failure is not defined by the map (s). Legislation also requires, appropriate public safety agencies of any city, county, or territory of which is located in such an area, to adopt /implement adequate emergency procedures for the evacuation and control of populated areas near/below such dams. Source(s) of data: Government Code Section 8589.5. Based on a review of the official map(s) available through the State of California, Office of Emergency Services, the subject Property:

IS NOT located in a Dam Inundation Zone Do not know and information not available

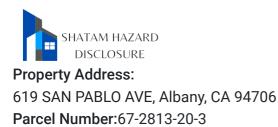


#### VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE

The California Legislature has declared that space and structure defensibility is essential to diligent fire prevention. Further, the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection has identified Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones in Local Responsibility Areas based on consistent statewide criteria, and based on the severity of fire hazard that is expected to prevail in those areas. Determining information includes, but is not limited to: Fuel loading, terrain (slope), fire

weather conditions and other relevant factors. Source(s) of data: California Government Code Section 51178 and 51179 Based on a review of the official map(s) issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the subject Property:

IS NOT located in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone



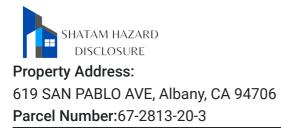
# WILDLAND AREA THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISKS AND HAZARDS / STATE RESPONSIBILITY AREA

The California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection designates State Responsibility Areas (SRA) and bears the primary financial responsibility for the prevention and/or suppression of fires in these areas. A seller of real property located within a SRA must disclose the fact that there may be a forest fire risk and hazard on the property, and the fact that the property owner may be subject to the imposition of fire mitigation measures as set forth in Public Resources Code Section 4291. The State of California collects an annual "fire prevention fee" from these owners. The collected monies will go toward a fund that will finance fire prevention activities benefiting these owners. (Note As of July 1, 2017 the Fire Prevention Fee has been suspended through the year 2031), More information about this fee may be found at https://www.fire.ca.gov/grants/fire-prevention-grants/state-responsibility-area-fire-prevention-fee.

Source(s) of data: California Public Resources Code Section 4125

Based on a review of the official map(s) issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the subject Property:

IS NOT located in a State Responsibility Area



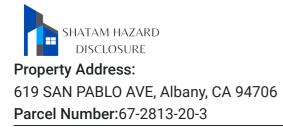
### ALQUIST-PRIOLO EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE

Earthquake Fault Zone maps are delineated and compiled by the California State Geologist pursuant to the Alquist -Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act. During an earthquake, structures located directly over fault zones (surface fault traces) could sustain damage as a result of a seismic event resulting from ground fault rupture (surface cracking). For the purposes of this report, an Earthquake Fault Zone is generally defined as an area approximately 1/4 mile in total width (1,320 feet) located along a known active earthquake fault. An "active" fault as defined by the State of California, Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology is an earthquake fault that has produced ground surface displacement (ground surface rupture) within the last eleven thousand years.

Source(s) of data: California Public Resources Code Section 2622

Based on a review of the official map(s) issued by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, the subject Property:

IS NOT located in an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone



#### SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE

The intent of the Seismic Hazards Mapping Act of 1990 is to provide for a statewide seismic hazard mapping and technical advisory program to assist cities and counties in fulfilling their responsibilities for protecting the public health and safety from the effects of strong ground shaking, liquefaction (failure of water-saturated soil), landslides and other seismic hazards caused by earthquakes. Under this act, The California Department of Conservation is mandated to identify and map the state's most prominent earthquake hazards. Information produced by these maps is utilized (in part) by cities and counties to regulate future development. Development/Construction permits may be withheld until adequate geologic or soils investigations are conducted for specific sites, and mitigation measures are incorporated into development plans.

Seismic Hazard Zone maps delineate areas subject to earthquake hazards. New development in a Seismic Hazard Zone is only permitted if it can be shown that mitigation makes the site acceptably safe. Maps are only available for limited areas now, but will eventually cover all of California. Earthquake-Induced Landslide Hazard Zones are areas where there has been a recent landslide, or where the local slope, geological, geotechnical, and ground moisture conditions indicate a potential for landslides as a result of earthquake shaking. Landslides zones are described as areas in which masses of rock, soil or debris have been displaced down slope by flowing, sliding or falling. The severity of a landslide depends on the underlying geology, slope and soil in the area.

Liquefaction Hazard Zones are areas where there is a potential for, or an historic occurrence of liquefaction. Liquefaction is a liquid -like condition of soil which sometimes occurs during strong earthquake shaking where the groundwater is shallow and soils are loose and granular (sands for example). These factors can combine to produce liquefaction in localized areas. When liquefaction occurs the soil temporarily becomes liquid -like and structures may settle unevenly. This condition can cause lateral spreading of level ground, and ground failure and sliding on slopes. Liquefaction can cause structural damage under certain geologic conditions. The type of sedimentary deposit, penetration resistance, and depth to ground water are the key factors that govern an area's susceptibility to liquefaction.

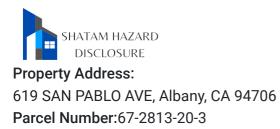
Source(s) of data: California Public Resources Code Section 2696

Based on a review of the official map(s) issued by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, the subject Property:

#### IS

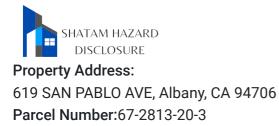
located in a Landslide Hazard Zone Map not released by state

GOVERNMENTAL GUIDES: "HOMEOWNER'S [COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OWNER'S] GUIDE TO EARTHQUAKE SAFETY" PUBLISHED BY THE CALIFORNIA SEISMIC SAFETY COMMISSION CONTAINING IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING EARTHQUAKE AND GEOLOGIC HAZARDS.



#### LOCAL/SUPPLEMENTAL NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURES

Disclosure Source has obtained maps that are both official and publicly available from city, county, and state sources which supplement the statutory natural hazard information. The company has only reviewed maps that are available in a usable format and at an appropriate scale to delineate where hazards may exist on a single parcel basis. Disclosure Source recommends that the buyer contact the local building and planning departments to help ascertain what, if any, special requirements there might be for construction or renovation, and building code requirements for this property. The foregoing statement should be considered a part of the Disclaimers of this Disclosure Report and those Disclaimers apply to this Statement. Please refer to them for further information.



#### SUPPLEMENTAL FLOOD HAZARD ZONE

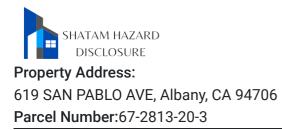
Supplemental flood zones include information in addition to, or different from, the areas mapped on Flood Insurance Rate Maps by the Federal Emergency

Management Agency or Dam Inundation zones as reported by the California State Office of Emergency Services. These can include tsunamis, seiches (inland lake tsunamis), runoff hazards, historical flood data and additional dike failure hazards.

If a portion or all of the property is located within one of these hazard areas, the lending institution may require flood insurance. Disclosure Source recommends that the buyer: 1) contact the lending institution to ascertain any additional requirements for flood insurance, 2) contact the insurance company to ascertain the availability and cost of the flood insurance. Based on the maps obtained, the subject Property:

IS located in a supplemental Flood Hazard Zone Do not know OR information is not available ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

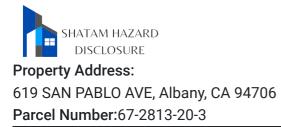
NONE



#### SUPPLEMENTAL FIRE HAZARD ZONE

Local agencies may, at their discretion, include or exclude certain areas from the requirements of California Government Code Section 51182 (imposition of fire prevention measures on property owners), following a finding supported by substantial evidence in the record that the requirements of Section 51182 either are, or are not adequate or necessary for effective fire protection within the area. Any additions to these maps that the company has been able to identify and substantiate are included in this search. There may be maps of other substantial fire hazards such as brush fires that are not subject to Section 51182. Disclosure Source has included these maps in this search. Fire hazard zones listed here, if any, are areas which contain the condition and type of topography, weather, vegetation and structure density to increase the susceptibility to fires. In these areas, the City or County may impose strategies to enforce fire mitigation measures, including fire or fuel breaks, brush clearance, and fuel load management measures. For example, emphasis on roof type and fire -resistive materials may be necessary for new construction or roof replacement. In addition, other fire defense improvements may be demanded, including special weed abatement, brush management, and minimum clearance around structures. In most cases, if a property is in a Fire Hazard Area, insurance rates may be affected. Based on the maps obtained, the subject Property:

**IS NOT** located in a supplemental Fire Hazard Zone Do not know OR information is not available ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:



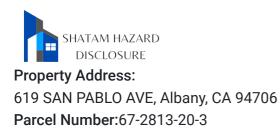
#### SUPPLEMENTAL EARTHQUAKE FAULT HAZARD ZONE

Many local jurisdictions have different or higher standards than the State for the identification of earthquake faults. Those jurisdictions have created their own maps which indicate active or potentially active faults according to those standards.

Many cities and counties require geologic studies before any significant construction if a property is in or near an earthquake fault zone known to them and certain types of construction may be restricted in these areas . Disclosure Source has included official and publicly available maps indicating earthquake faults known by those jurisdictions. In some cases the company has used the description of an Earthquake Fault Zone established by the Alquist -Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone Act of approximately 1,320 feet wide to define a supplemental Fault Hazard Zone. Based on the maps obtained, the subject Property:

**IS NOT** located in a supplemental Fault Hazard Zone Do not know OR information is not available ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

NONE



#### SUPPLEMENTAL SEISMIC/GEOLOGIC HAZARD ZONE

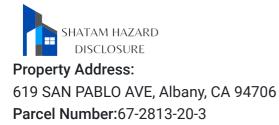
The California Division of Mines and Geology (DMG) has not completed the project assigned by Section 2696 of the California Public Resources Code to identify areas of potential seismic hazard within the State of California. The DMG and the US Geologic Survey (USGS) have performed many valuable studies that supplement the Section 2696 maps and fill in many missing areas. These maps are included in this search. Also included in this search are maps that indicate many hazards that may or may not be seismically related, including, but not limited to, liquefaction, landslides, debris flows, mudslides, coastal cliff instability, volcanic hazards and avalanches. A number of various geologic factors may influence the types of geologic hazards present: rainfall amounts , removal of vegetation, erosion, seismic activity, or even human activity. The severity of a geologic hazard depends on the underlying geology, slope, proximity to earthquake faults, and soil type in the area . Many cities and counties require geologic studies before any significant construction if a property is in or near a geologic hazard known to them and certain types of construction may be prohibited. Based on the maps obtained, the subject Property:

#### IS

located in a supplemental Geologic Hazard Zone Do not know OR information is not available. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

In a Landslide hazard area. The mapped area includes existing landslides, and areas of undefined potential for land sliding.

In an area of MODERATE potential for Liquefaction.



#### MILITARY ORDNANCE LOCATION

California Civil Code Section §1102.15 states "The seller of residential real property subject to this article who has actual knowledge of any former federal or state ordnance locations within the neighborhood area shall give written notice of that knowledge as soon as practicable before transfer of title."

For purposes of this notice, "former federal or state ordnance locations" means an area identified by an agency or instrumentality of the federal or state government as an area once used for military training purposes, which may contain potentially explosive munitions."Neighborhood area" means within one mile of the residential real property.

IS NOT located in a Military Ordnance Zone